



## Report on the Activities performed by the students of ISE Department

Theme of the activity: "SWACHH BHARATH ABIYAN"

List of the Students participated:

1. Avinash H S :4AI18IS005
2. Bharath S :4AI18IS006
3. Karthik S P : 4AI18IS020
4. Keerthi S R : 4AI18IS022
5. Kruthika N P : 4AI18IS024
6. Lavanya P D : 4AI18IS025
7. Muskhan : 4AI18IS028
8. Shreya stanik D : 4AI18IS050
9. Shwetha L R : 4AI18IS052
10. Sonika M shetty : 4AI18IS054
11. Suchitra N S: 4AI18IS057
12. Sushma B N :4AI18IS059
13. Vachana mayuri H M :4AI18IS061

**Duration:**

26<sup>TH</sup> February 2020 to 7<sup>TH</sup> March 2020 (12 Days)

**Dr. S. SAMPATH**  
B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D.  
Professor & HOD  
Dept. of Information Science & Engg.  
A.I.T., Chikkamagaluru - 577102.

# Detailed report

**Day:**1

**Date:**26/02/2020

**Duration:** 7 hours

**Location:**Kodandarama Temple,Hiremangaluru



“Cleanliness is next to Godliness” is a wise saying. So we started our activity by cleaning the Hiremagalur kodandarama temple. we cleaned temple and its surrounding because it gives mental peace. when everything around us is neat and clean, we feel mentally relaxed and happy. to achieve cleanliness, we kept dustbin at required places to dump all the waste in it, instead of throwing it here and there. it is essential to categorise the waste into two categories: dry waste and wet waste so we kept two separate dustbin. this will make waste management easy for all. we collected plastic waste around the temple and burned them this is one of the methods of plastic disposal. then we created awareness about swachh bharath abhiyan to the visitor.

**Day:2**  
**Date:27/02/2020**  
**Duration:7 hours**  
**Location:Hiremagaluru**



We visited hiremagaluru village. Here we educated the people to keep environment clean. We had visited every house of village and tried to convey them about the principles of swachh bharath mission. We visited Grama panchayat and call the people around and convey them about the mission. The main thing in villages is to provide toilets and toilet use in all houses, institutions and public places. Facilitate waste management

actions and ensure hygiene education. The programme includes elimination of open defecation, conversion of unsanitary toilets to pour flush toilets, eradication of manual scavenging, municipal solid waste management and bringing about a behavioural change in people regarding healthy sanitation practices.

to improve the levels of cleanliness in rural areas through Solid and Liquid Waste Management activities and making Gram Panchayats Open Defecation Free (ODF), clean and sanitised.

**Day:3**

**Date:28/02/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Hiremagaluru primary school**



Cleanliness, Personal hygiene, Good sanitation provides a clean school environment for the **students** to keep them in good health and safe. As **children** are the future of a nation, such type of campaign or activity will motivate **students** in school and will help us making the dream fulfill of Mahatma Gandhi

School is a place where one can learn so many things. It helps the students to grow up into a responsible person. Every day the students spend a lot of time in school for learning and playing. Today, some school grounds are full of litter and debris that they resemble a garbage dump more than a place to play or exercise. Students should help to keep them clean and beautiful. They should be role model

for others to keep cleanliness. we placed Recycle bins at various places in schools to promote recycling of waste among students, teachers and other employees. Children in the school can be encouraged to put waste in appropriate bins so that they develop a habit of disposing of waste properly. Then we created awareness about Swachh bhharath abhiyan we informed their role in swachh bhharath abhiyan.by showing some videos we show their resposibilites towards clean city.



**Day:4**

**Date:29/02/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Hiremagaluru high school**



We conducted a small program about swachh bharath abiyam in Hiremagaluru high school. Students have to understand the importance of this mission and actively participate in cleaning their own space first. Students have to train their younger ones to keep things clean.

They can arrange camps in varied regions and share their experiences towards the mission that can motivate others to start the same. They can also visit rural areas and bring out the importance of mission and encourage them in contributing to it. As more and more students come together and create awareness, the mission's aim reach every locality and home as well as transform our country as a whole. Students have to recognize that swachta begins at one's home, school and surroundings.

Promoting the use of dustbins always. Small changes by students as to stop throwing wrappers of eatables on roads and stopping others from

doing the same. The school authorities also play major role in infusing students about hygiene and sanitation facilities and encouraging them to keep every nook and corner of their surroundings pollutant free. Students should spread awareness of using Toilets.

We teach them to stop other people – The moment you see someone littering or polluting the environment, go up to them, talk to them in the politest of manner, explaining why you seem so bothered about the environment, throwing in some major health risks and other problems which might occur due to pollution can be of some help too.



**Day:5**

**Date:1/03/2020**

**Duration:7hrs**

**Location:Hiremagaluru primary school**



### **Slogans on Swachh Bharat**

“Ek kadam swachhata ki ore.”

“cleanliness is next to godliness.”

“India can do it. People of India can do it.”

“let’s make the right choice and use dustbin.”

“clean India beautiful India.”

“Dharti mata kare pukar, aas paas ka karo sudhaar.”

“clean city, clean city, My dream city.”

“It’s our Planet don’t throw it away.”

“Devote the 100 hours every year towards the cause of cleanliness.”

“Cleaning up the country cannot be the sole responsibility of sweepers.

Do citizens have no role in this? We have to change this mindset.”

“sanitation should not be seen as a political tool, but should only be connected to patriotism and commitment to public health.”

“Clean India, Developed India.”

“come! And Pledge to keep India clean.”

“Clean India! To get economically developed India.”

“Clean India, disease-free India.”

“Effort your best to clean India!”

“Cleanliness is the only solution to stay away from diseases.”

We pledge the slogan together then along with students we clean the school and its surrounding .we separated the dry and wet wastes and educated them about swachh bharath abhiyan.

**Day:6**

**Date:02/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Karthikere**



The rural sanitation programme in India was introduced in the year 1954 as part of the First Five Year Plan of the Government of India. Government of India introduced the Central Rural Sanitation Programme (CRSP) in 1986 primarily with the objective of improving the quality of life of the rural people and also to provide privacy and dignity to women. From 1999, a “demand driven” approach under the “Total Sanitation We informed about toilet use in all the houses, institutions and public places with By 2030 women and girl friendly considerations;facilitate waste management actions and ensure hygiene education. Municipal solid waste, processing, and disposal of solid waste. Open defecation free and toilets. Capacity building and Learning. Provision of public toilets and community toilets

**Day:7**

**Date:03/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:karthikere**



Here we educated the people to keep environment clean. We had visited every house of village and tried to convey them about the principles of swachh bharaath mission. We visited Grama panchayat and call the people around and convey them about the mission. The main thing in villages is to provide toilets and toilet use in all houses, institutions and public places. Facilitate waste management actions and ensure hygiene education. The programme includes elimination of open defecation, conversion of unsanitary toilets to pour flush toilets, eradication of manual scavenging, municipal solid waste management and bringing about a behavioural change in people regarding healthy sanitation practice.

**Day:8**

**Date:04/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Grama panchayat amble**



We inform the grama panchayath .**What can a Gram Panchayat Do?**

- Assess the water needs, sources, schemes, solid and liquid waste being generated – (biodegradable and non-biodegradable) through participatory surveys so that the need for water supply, sanitation, environmental sanitation and waste management facilities can be ascertained.
- Set the water and sanitation goals and targets for the Gram Panchayat.
- Select appropriate technology choice for water supply and sanitation in the Gram Panchayat based on participatory assessment.
- Ensure adequate, functional clean toilet facilities in schools (separately for boys and girls) and anganwadis.
- Ensuring maintenance of toilets of public places including those in markets and Gram Panchayat premises.
- Identify appropriate schemes, state/national/international agencies, their programmes and schemes, non-Governmental agencies and companies which can support availability of water supply, source sustainability, reduction for source contamination, sanitation and waste management programmes.
- Liaise with respective agencies for ensuring adequate water supply, cleanliness and drinking water and sanitation facilities.
- Form people's committees and building their capacity for managing the assets existing and being created.
- Educate all households on the key aspects of usage and management of water and sanitation assets.
- Undertake water budgeting annually and sharing information with villagers for appropriate crop selection.
- Monitor and problem solve during programme implementation and after.

**Day:9**

**Date:05/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Amble**



We informed the people about swachh bharrath abhiyan and their role towards clean village. firstly we spread awareness about cleanliness

we tell them the importance of cleanliness we informed that if we have clean surrounding so we would not suffer from any kind of disease.

we told about the team that helps to clean village. we tell them not to throw garbage out side.

We inform about sanitation and neatness role in our day to day routine. It is important as it prevents dangerous diseases like Dengue, typhoid, hepatitis, and other diseases caused by mosquito bite, etc.

in rural areas, examples of solid waste include wastes from kitchens, gardens, cattle sheds, agriculture, and materials such as metal, paper, plastic, cloth, and so on. They are organic and inorganic materials with no remaining economic value to the owner produced by homes,

commercial and industrial establishments. Most household waste in rural areas is organic, with little inorganic material, and is non-toxic. Because of its environment - friendliness, composting is a highly suitable method of waste management in rural areas.so we informed about waste disposal.



**Day:10**

**Date:05/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Amble**



We visited Amble village. Here we educated the people to keep environment clean. We had visited every house of village and tried to convey them about the principles of swachh bhath mission. We visited Grama panchayat and call the people around and convey them about the mission. The main thing in villages is to provide toilets and toilet use in all houses, institutions and public places. Facilitate waste management actions and ensure hygiene education. The programme includes elimination of open defecation, conversion of unsanitary toilets to pour flush toilets, eradication of manual scavenging, municipal solid waste management and bringing about a behavioural change in people regarding healthy sanitation practices. we clean the village.

At present, villages in Karnataka do not have scientific method of garbage disposal. While some dump waste outside their village, others throw it by the roadside, and some even use it in their farms. so we informed about recyclebin and their usage.

**Day:11**

**Date:06/03/2020**

**Duration:7 hours**

**Location:Anganwadi amble**



Anganwadi workers are key public representatives in the villages. They are appointed under the central government's Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS) Scheme which operates at state level to address health issues of small children such as immunization, nutrition, pre-school non formal education, child care and other health issues. In

fact, they are the primary motivators and campaigners for better hygiene and health.

When it comes to the Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin), Anganwadi workers play a very significant role at the village level in mobilizing and motivating the community towards bringing about behaviour change and ensuring that the families build and use toilets. However, at the end of 2016, as many as 1359 Anganwadi workers and helpers in the district did not have toilets in their homes. Anganwadi workers are well-known all over the village and hence we often request them to talk to villagers when it comes to installing toilets. They have also helped us in monitoring whether toilets which are built are being used by the villagers or not.

**Day:**12  
**Date:**07/03/2020  
**Duration:**7 hours  
**Location:**Gowdnalli



We informed that we should keep our houses clean and always try to keep our gardens clean .we should also keep our schools clean which is our second home.we should always through the wastes in the dust bins. we will stay healthy only if we stay in a clean place.we should always teach the small children to clean our surroundings and never dirty them.we will not fall sick if we stay in a clean place.